

Auf! auf! die Götter! fiedt an, 88

Nov 453/
13

171

26

13

Partitur

M: May 1730 v. Jafung.
1744

Test. Part: 3m.

S. D. S. M. May: 1795.



Vivace.



Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics in German. The lyrics include "Ist das nicht ein Gott, der uns alle erlöst hat" and "Ist das nicht ein Gott, der uns alle erlöst hat". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Continuation of the handwritten musical score on the next page. The lyrics include "Ist das nicht ein Gott, der uns alle erlöst hat" and "Ist das nicht ein Gott, der uns alle erlöst hat". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century. The lyrics are written in German and are partially obscured by the musical notation. The page is aged and shows signs of wear.

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Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. There are some annotations in the margins, including "ad lib." and "moderato".

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Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written in a historical German script, likely 17th or 18th century. The score is organized into systems, with some systems containing multiple staves. The paper shows signs of age, including discoloration and wear at the edges.

Lyrics visible include:

- ...ant mis - di -
- ...ant mis - di -
- ...für die gott
- ...für die gott
- ...mein gott

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staff.

Offe allme will in lob

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Offe allme will in lob

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics in German. The notation is a form of early printed musical notation, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The lyrics are written in a cursive script.

Main text of the first system:
 Mein Gott, ich bin ein armer Sünder
 Ich bin ein armer Sünder

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics in German. The notation is a form of early printed musical notation, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The lyrics are written in a cursive script.

Main text of the second system:
 Ich bin ein armer Sünder
 Ich bin ein armer Sünder



A page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The page features ten staves of music, each with a circular clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is written in a dark ink, likely brown or black, and consists of various note values, rests, and bar lines. The first five staves contain dense musical notation, while the last five staves are mostly empty, with only a few notes and rests visible. The paper is aged and shows some staining and wear.

Soli Deo Gloria.

171
26.

Auf, auf ist Gottes, fündt
auf an s.

a

2

Corn

Tymp.

Barro.

2 Violin

Viola

Alto

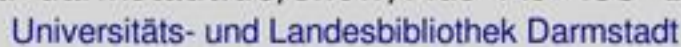
Tenore

Bass

e

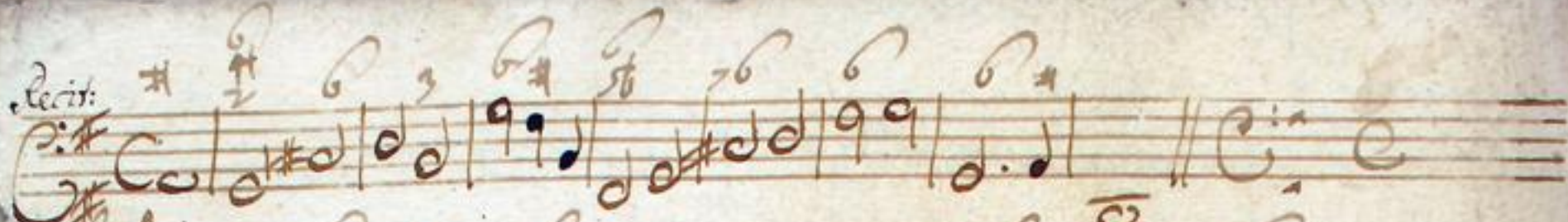
Continuo.

Fest. Pentecost
1795.
Cao 1798.

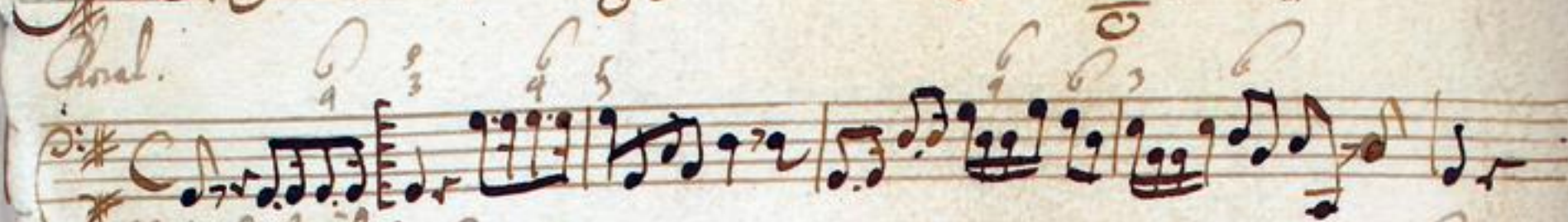


Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *Recit.*, *allv.*, *ppp.*, *f.*, and *molto.*. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The paper shows signs of wear, including creases and discoloration. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is 3/4. The score ends with a double bar line and the word *Fine*.

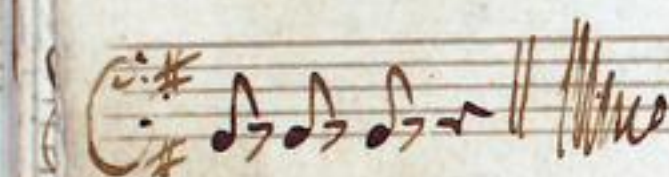
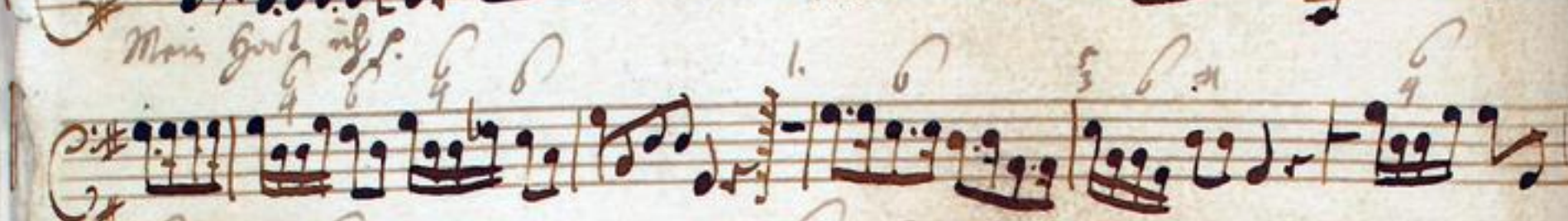
Recit.



Choral.



Mein Gott



Viola.

Violino.

auf auf ihr.

Recitat

Wie ich im Chor.

Capo Recit

Allegro

Handwritten musical score on 12 staves. The notation includes treble clefs, key signatures of two sharps (F# and C#), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff has the tempo marking *Allegro* and the instruction *Wing and mix*. Subsequent staves contain dynamic markings including *pp.*, *f.*, and *hr.*. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Partial view of the adjacent page of the musical manuscript, showing the continuation of the handwritten score on staves.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The title "Harpoll Recitar" is written in cursive on the third staff. The tempo marking "allegro" is visible on the fourth staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The manuscript shows signs of wear, including torn edges and some staining.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The title "Harpoll Recitar" is written in cursive on the third staff. The tempo marking "allegro" is visible on the fourth staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The manuscript shows signs of wear, including torn edges and some staining.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a 7/8 time signature. The music consists of various note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are several triplets marked with a '3' above the notes. The fifth staff features the handwritten text 'Harpoll Recitat.' in a cursive script. The sixth staff begins with the word 'Choral' written above the notes. The seventh staff has the handwritten text 'Mein Gott' written above the notes. The eighth staff contains some markings that appear to be 't t' and 'h h'. The ninth staff ends with a double bar line and a fermata. The tenth staff is empty.

Vivace

Violino:

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is divided into sections labeled "Vivace" and "Molto".

Section 1: Vivace

- Staff 1: *Vivace*
- Staff 2: *and and f*
- Staff 3: *and f*
- Staff 4: *and f*
- Staff 5: *and f*
- Staff 6: *and f*
- Staff 7: *and f*
- Staff 8: *and f*
- Staff 9: *and f*
- Staff 10: *and f*
- Staff 11: *and f*
- Staff 12: *and f*
- Staff 13: *and f*
- Staff 14: *and f*
- Staff 15: *and f*
- Staff 16: *and f*
- Staff 17: *and f*
- Staff 18: *and f*
- Staff 19: *and f*
- Staff 20: *and f*
- Staff 21: *and f*
- Staff 22: *and f*
- Staff 23: *and f*
- Staff 24: *and f*
- Staff 25: *and f*
- Staff 26: *and f*
- Staff 27: *and f*
- Staff 28: *and f*
- Staff 29: *and f*
- Staff 30: *and f*
- Staff 31: *and f*
- Staff 32: *and f*
- Staff 33: *and f*
- Staff 34: *and f*
- Staff 35: *and f*
- Staff 36: *and f*
- Staff 37: *and f*
- Staff 38: *and f*
- Staff 39: *and f*
- Staff 40: *and f*
- Staff 41: *and f*
- Staff 42: *and f*
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- Staff 210: *and f*
- Staff 211: *and f*
- Staff 212: *and f*
- Staff 213: *and f*
- Staff 214: *and f*
- Staff 215: *and f*</

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures (primarily one sharp, F#), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Key markings and annotations visible include:

- Mag. aut. mirz.* (top left)
- Reci* (top right)
- fort.* (middle left)
- pp.* (middle left)
- f.* (middle left)
- p.* (middle left)
- fort.* (middle left)
- pp.* (middle right)

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes treble clefs, key signatures (one sharp), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and bar lines. The text "Recitat" is written above the first staff, and "Choral" is written above the second staff. The lyrics "Mein Gott ich" are visible below the first staff. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final note.

Recitat

Choral

Mein Gott ich

Vivace.

Viola.

aus der 1. Viol.

Recit.

pp.
Wie der 1. Viol.

f.

pp.

f.

f.

pp.

f.

2.

pp.





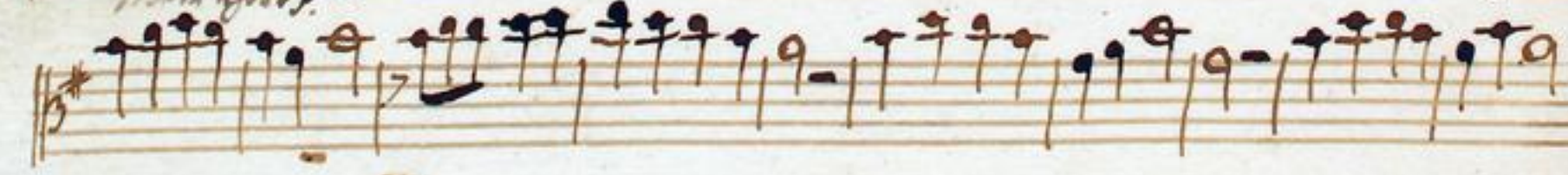
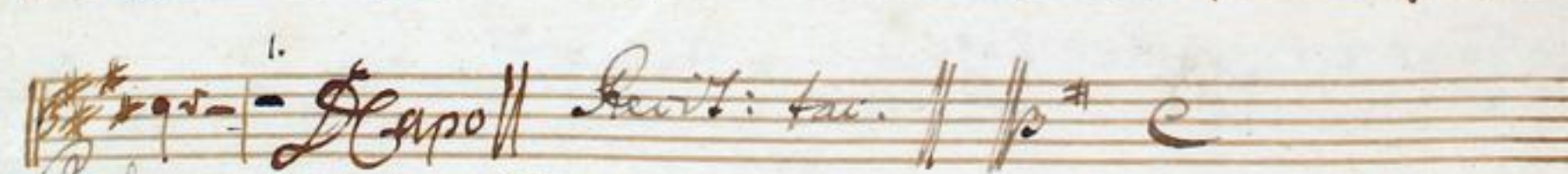
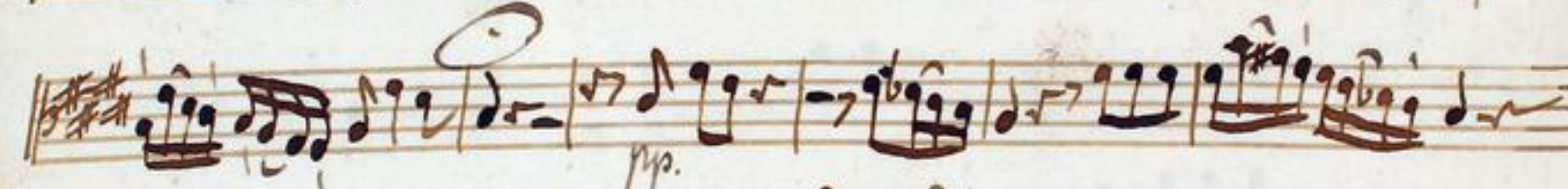
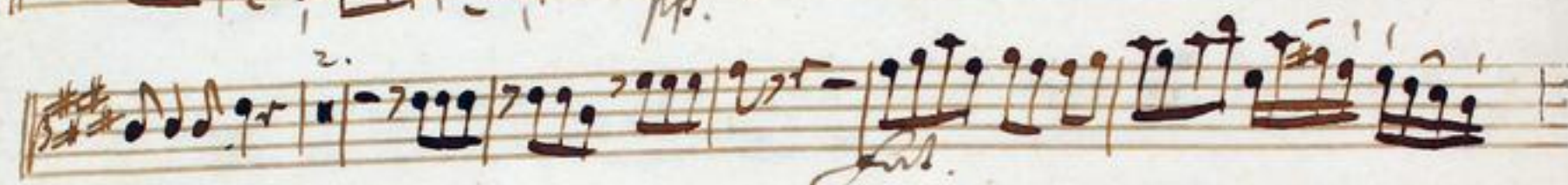
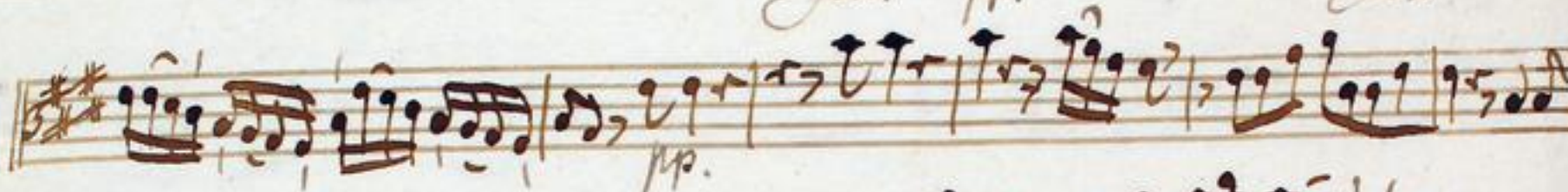
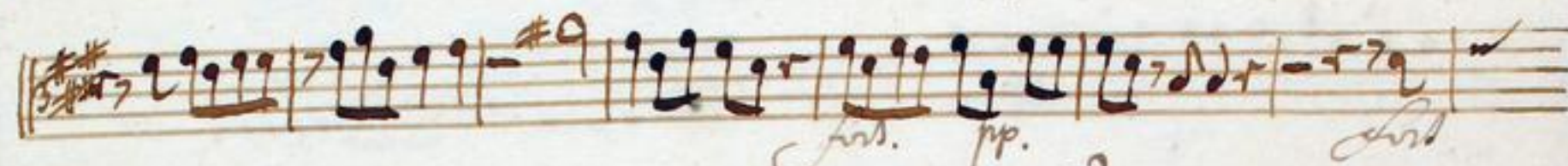
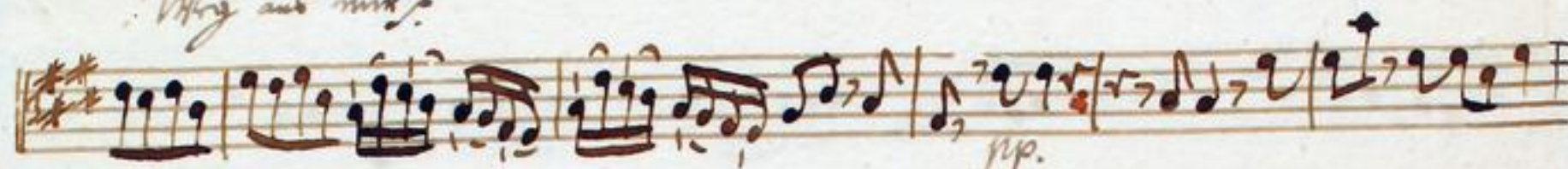
pp.



Allegro.



Weg aus mir



Violone

And. in G. 3/4

Recit:

Wie Jesus lobt.

pp.

And.

4.

Choral.

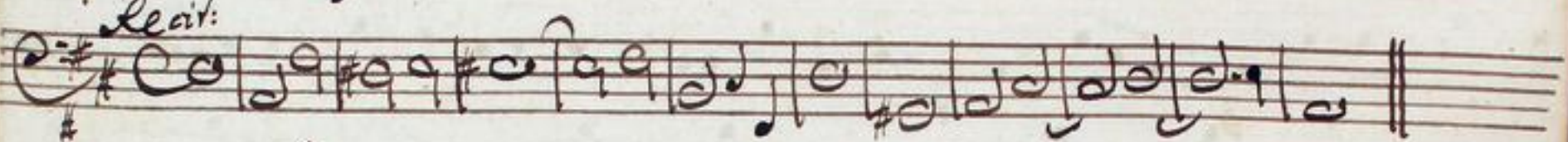


Vivace.

Violone.



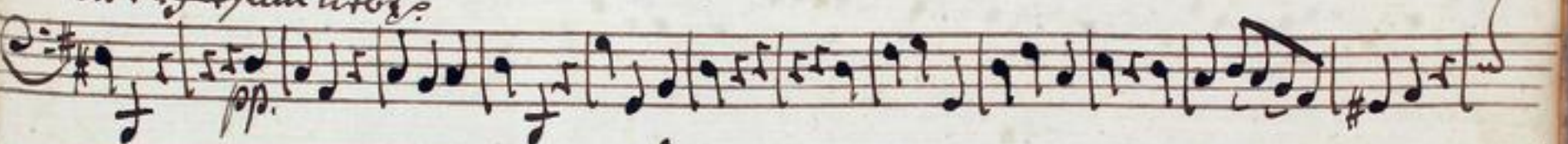
Recit.



3.



ausdrückend



pp.



f.

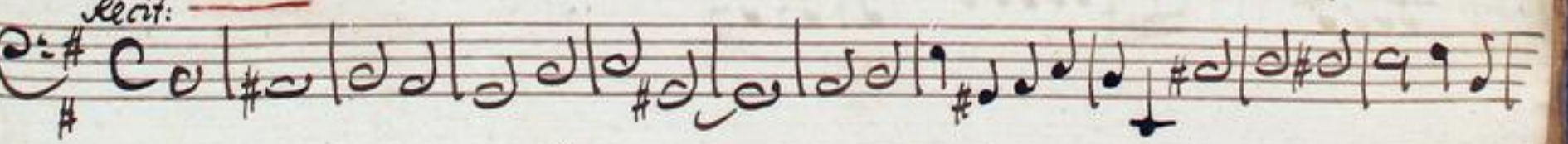


4.



Capo

Recit.



Volti.

Allegro.

Weg aus mir. *pp.*

pp.

pp.

pp.

f.

Da Capo. //

Recit.

#

Choral.

Mein Fort.

#

Vivace.

G.

Corno. 1.



Recit. Aria. Recit. Aria. Recit.

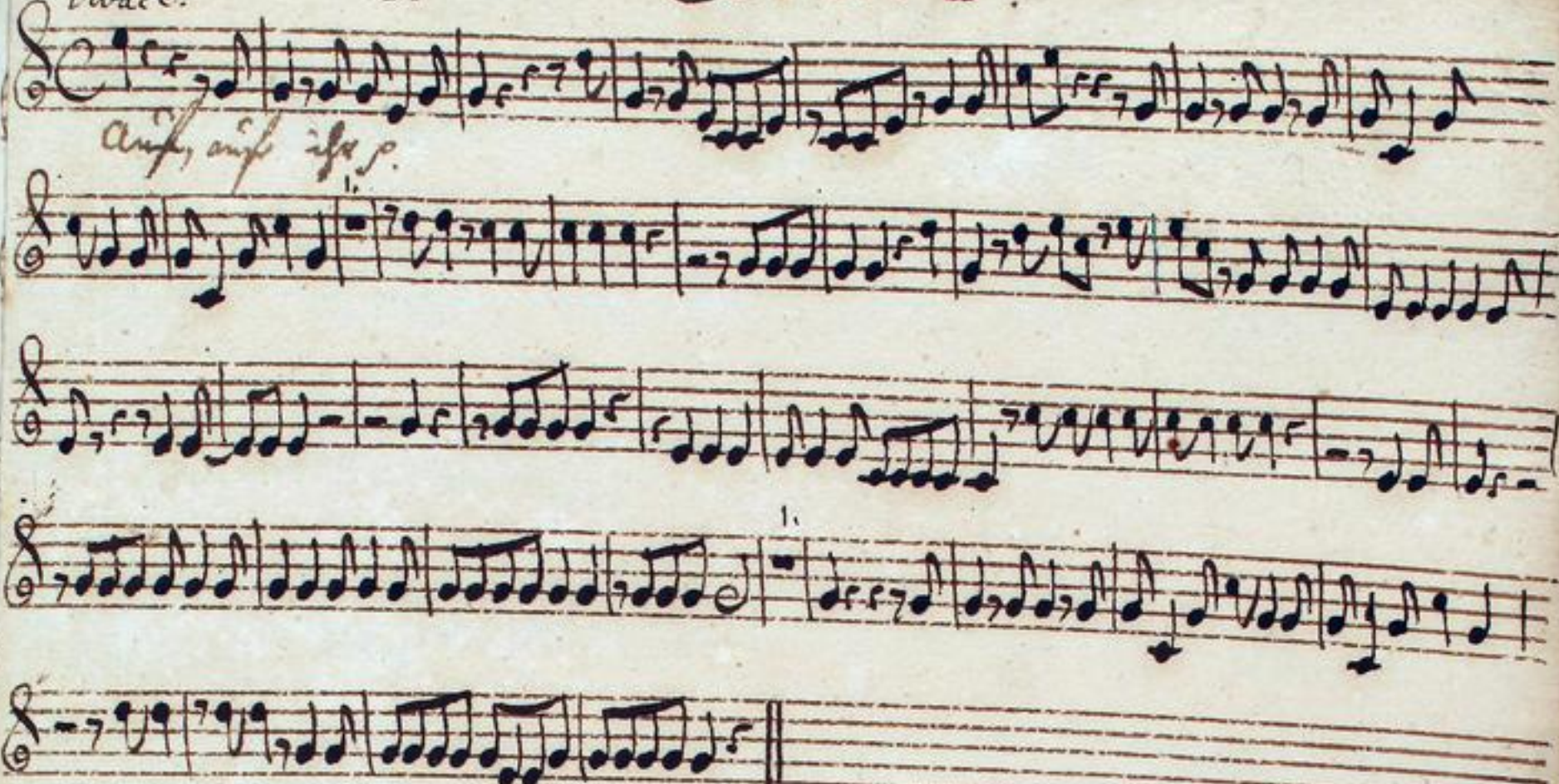
Chor.



Vivace.

I.

Corno. 2.

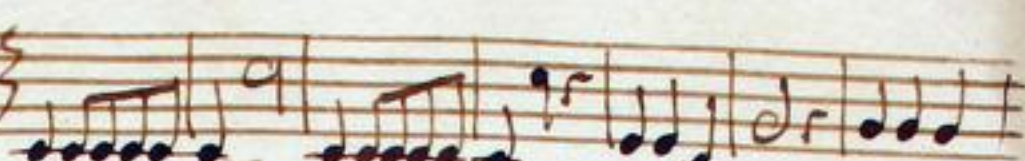


Recit arial recit arial recit

Chor.



2. Clarino.

Chorus *leci* 

8te 2te 3te

Handwritten musical notation for the Clarino part, consisting of seven staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *pp.* and *ful.*. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/4 time signature. The notation is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Vivace.

Tympano.



Recit|| aria|| Recit|| aria|| Recit||



Alto.

Anfang anfangs feyhen —
 Anfang anfangs feyhen an — stillen — stillen
 an — ich soll im Eem — gel Got — lob werden ich soll im Eem — gel
 Got — lob werden rammallob mag rammallob mag — rammallob mag —
 — weil fies an fiden nicht nicht solfox ff — * nicht solfox ff — *
 gli — — fen kan weil fies an fiden nicht nicht solfox ff — * solfox
 ff — * gli — fen kan anfang anfangs feyhen an —
 stillen — stillen — stillen
 Mein Gott ich bin zuft zu fiden wann du mich nicht noch
 bleib ich von dir weg fiden * ich bin ich dich ge —
 laß mich feyn dein Eigentum ich was fies nicht mehr
 fies und dich all mein Vermögen dir zu ften anzulegen

Tenore

5.

Anfang — ich begehre anfang ich begehre pflicht anfang —

pflicht anfang — ich soll im Ewigem pol Got — lob werden ich soll im Ewigem — pol

Got — lob werden rühmt allezeit

weil für anfang

haben nicht nicht solches — es nicht solches — es gleich — ich kann will

für anfang haben nicht nicht solches — es solches — es gleich — ich kann.

anfang anfang ich begehre — pflicht anfang — pflicht anfang

an

Dem heiligen von Gottes Majestät zu Wohnung zu werden ist auf den

im frommen Verwünschungen im Wort das über seine Kräfte geht. Jede

sinnt man ^{an} ~~an~~ heilig im laubenden Ewigem mit seiner Jesu Liebe und

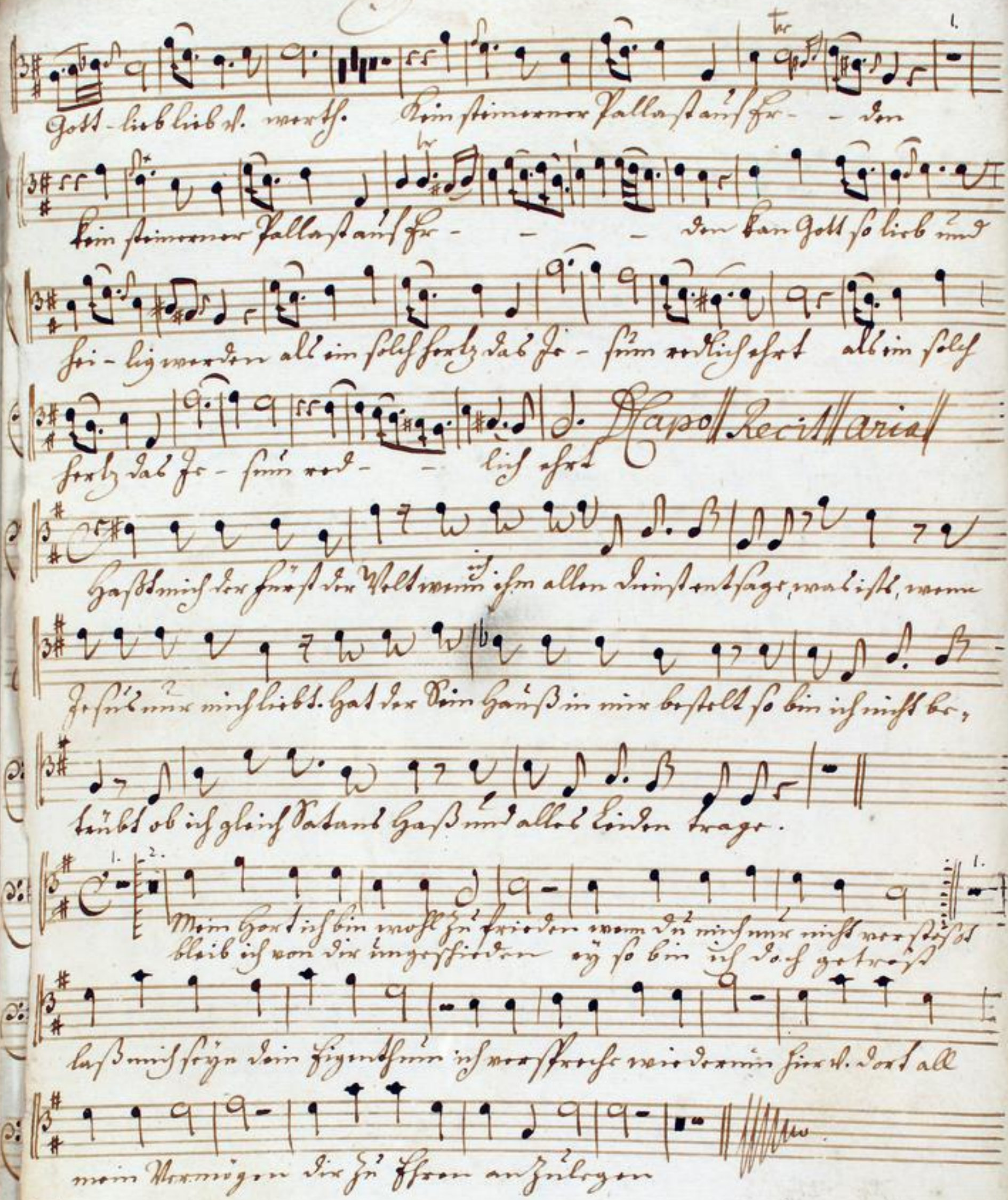
gläubigen Geseßsam an sich selbst zu Gottes Gabe.

15.

Wer so — sein liebt wer so — sein liebt und seine Worte im Glauben fällt —

und seine Worte im Glauben fällt, der ist Gottes lieb — lieb — und wer so

so — sein liebt wer so — sein liebt und seine Worte im Glauben fällt der — ist



Gott-lieblich d. m. d. f. Ein stimmunges fallst anst für - den
 Ein stimmunges fallst anst für - den den Gott so lieb und
 sei - lig werden all im selb selb das ge - sin und ist al im selb
 selb das ge - sin und - ist ist
 Gabe mich der frucht der Welt wenn ich allen dienst entsetzt, wenn
 geschehen mich liebt. hat der Dein ganz in mich bestell so bin ich nicht be,
 laßt ob ich gleich das and Gabe und alle liden trage.
 Mein Gabe ist bin wußt zu frieden wenn du mich nicht wußt
 bleib ich von dir ungeschieden ey so bin ich das getreue
 laß mich sein dein eigentum ist was streift wie das in frucht. das all
 mein Wonnigen die zu Gabe anzuzeigen

1738
45

Basso.

3.
Anfang anfang ihr Götzen — — — spielt anfang — — — ihr sollt sein

Exempel Gottes in den ihr ——— sammt alleu inog ——— ———

Handwritten musical score for a song. The notation is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written in a cursive, handwritten style. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in a cursive script: "weil sich am Ende nichts nichts solches ist - so solches Fort-glei - - ist kan weil". The lyrics are aligned with the notes of the melody.



 fix an' fuden nist' solfox ffox — glri- - fen kan an' an' an'

A handwritten musical score on aged paper. The top staff features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in cursive German script: "an' ich soeben an' ich soeben steh' mich an, steh' mich an, steh' mich an." To the right of the lyrics, there is a section labeled "Recit." followed by a double bar line and repeat dots. A small number "7" is visible at the bottom center of the page.

Aria 
Mit mal vor frey mit mal Lennfey pfennit man ein Gais vor einem

König ant. will Gott im Heil bezien sein? soll man nicht geßliß sein song-

fälligkeit zu räumen was diesem Herrn mißfallen kan. Sie Wollt demselb mißfien

an, dann ziehet mich der Herr in'st bey'se im. Ein reines Existeren ist nicht, dann

glaubend Kyrie im Gehen sein Gschütz müssen und Gottel gegenwart wind

ifn and stoll ex formen

[illegible]

Wesnung — — — — — hier soll Gott ~~Wesnung~~ — — — — — lob Wesnung seyn

mag magant mir in eil - lobt Was den mag magant mir in eil - lobt Was
 son für soll Gottes Wohnung — für soll Got -
 lobt Was - mung seyn. Je - so bleibt - mein Ged -
 — verpfanden Ihr allmeist will ich lieben — in dem
 Ding — und so ist mein — so ist mein wenn ich keine Le -
 — bene Leber gläubig und gefor - — sam aber dem best Gott -
 — gern bring mir ein dem best Gott — gern bring mir ein

Recital

Mein fort ist bin wußt zu finden — wenn du
 bleib ich von die ungeschickten — so
 — und mir nicht verstoß — bin ich so getrost — laß mich seyn dein Eigentum ich verstoß
 — wiederum für und dort all mein Vermögen die zu fressen
 anzulegen